unwashed articles of clothing that have been immediately next to the child's skin (such as underwear or bed sheets). Keep such articles "uncontaminated" by handling them with a stick or clean eating utensil, and place them on a coat hanger or in a paper bag (not plastic, since they sometimes have been treated with deodorants).



LOST! ... But Found, Safe and Sound_®

INFORMATION for PARENTS

The "LOST! . . . But Found, Safe and Sound" program was developed by the Association of National Park Rangers. It is a program for children on how not to get lost, how to stay comfortable if they do get lost, and how they can be found more quickly.

We hope your child never needs this knowledge, but if you discuss this handout and the CD of the videotape with your child (preferably each time you go on an outing), then if he or she does get lost, it may help him or her to remember one or more of the facts that will make the search short and successful.



Additional copies of this program — in DVD, VHS or CD-ROM format — may be obtained from:

Association of National Park Rangers 25958 Genesee Trail Road, PMB 222 Golden, CO 80401 • ANPRbiz@aol.com Sold online at: www.anpr.org

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These points are covered in the program that will be or has been seen by your child:

- 1. When you realize you've become lost, STOP!

 Don't run because you might fall and get
 hurt. Remember the things you learned in the
 videotape and that your parents discussed with
 you.
- 2. Look around for a comfortable place. One of the greatest fears a person of any age can have is being alone. Snuggling up to a tree or other stationary object as if building a nest calms you down and prevents panic. By staying in one place you can be found far more quickly and you also can't be injured in a fall.
- 3. Always carry a trash bag and whistle on a picnic, hike or camping trip. Making a hole in the bottom of the bag for the face,* and putting it on over your head, will keep you dry and warm. The whistle can be heard much farther away than your voice can be, and it takes less energy to use.
- 4. Your parents won't be angry at you. Time and again children like you have avoided searchers because they were ashamed of getting lost and afraid of punishment. Anyone can get lost, adult or child. A happy reunion, filled with love, is waiting.
- 5. Make Yourself Big. You are hard to see when you are in a group of trees and when you are wearing dark clothing. Find your "nest" near a small clearing, if possible. Wear a brightly colored jacket when you go near the woods or desert, or

- take a brightly colored scarf or pack and place it in an open place near you so searchers can see it. From a helicopter or plane you are harder to see when you are standing up. Lie down so you look bigger if the helicopter flies over.
- 6. There are no animals out there that want to hurt you. If you hear a noise at night, blow your whistle at it. If it is a searcher, you will be found. Fears of the dark and of "lions and tigers and bears" might make you afraid and want to run. The best thing you can do is to stay in your "nest."
- 7. You have hundreds of friends looking for you. Most searchers are volunteers who work with other professionals and who do it because they care. Many children who are lost don't realize that if they sit down and stay put, one of the many searchers will find them.

Additional helpful information for parents:

- 1. Before going on a hike or on a camping trip, put together a small backpack or waist pack for your child. In addition to snacks, some water and other personal articles, be sure to include a large trash bag and a loud whistle. Remind your child to take the pack whenever she or he is away from the developed area. Remind your child that the whistle and trash bag are in the pack.
- 2. Be sure your child is wearing brightly colored outer clothing, or has a brightly colored scarf or other item whenever on a hike or going into the "backcountry."

- Try to keep your child from getting lost in the first place. Since children are easily distracted, teach them to stay on the trail and to stay close to you. Never let your young child walk trails alone.
- 4. Although not essential, "footprinting" your child is a five-minute exercise that might cut down the time of a search by several hours. Have the child step (with her or his hiking shoes or boots) on a piece of aluminum foil on a soft surface, such as carpeting or a folded towel. Mark the foil with the child's name and keep it from being "flattened." With this print, trackers can separate your child's track from the many others in the area, and more quickly determine the direction of travel.
- 5. When you notice that your child is "missing," call the local authorities or send someone to call IMMEDIATELY! Don't wait! You can initiate an immediate search of the area after you call, if you decide to. Searchers would rather show up only to find that the child has returned or been found safely than to be delayed and face a more difficult, larger search area.
- 6. After you call the authorities, make sure you or someone stays at the specified location to give the detailed information to the first responder. If you have to be "searched for," it will further delay the search.
- 7. Since search dogs now are frequently used, it could be helpful to have a "scent article" available for the dog handler if he/she asks for one. The best scent articles are

^{*} A hole is necessary to prevent possible suffocation.